# The 3... $\begin{aligned} & \text { Edd } \\ & \text { Scandinavion }\end{aligned}$ Simple and Strong 



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# The 3...煚d8 Scandinavian 

## Simple and Strong

by<br>\section*{Daniel Lowinger}

Foreword by<br>Karsten Müller



Russell Enterprises, Inc.
Milford, CT USA

## Dedication:

To my wife, for her incredible support, in this and everything.

The 3... ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{d}$ d Scandinavian
Simple and Strong
by
Daniel Lowinger
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## Foreword <br> Scandinavian Surprise

Your opponent has probably played 1.e 4 his entire life and knows how to answer
 what about the direct retreat $3 \ldots$... m d8? Can this really be good despite the loss of time? Your opponent will strongly doubt the soundness of your approach and will want to punish you directly. This might play into your hands as your very solid structure gives good long-term prospects, as in the other Scandinavian lines.

The short-term resources also seem to be sufficient, as strong players like Dorfman have repeatedly opted for this line, while Michael Adams has used it as an occasional surprise weapon. In particular, the two plans with ...a6 and ...h6 contain a lot of venom, and score very well in practice.
 now 5...a6!?, introduced by Dorfman in 1992, is dealt with by Lowinger in great detail in Chapter 2. Black even has a large plus score here. The second possibil-
 vored by Djukic, who recently even beat German grandmaster Naiditsch with it see Game 88. So Lowinger's favorite quote of the Great Dane, Bent Larsen, "When in doubt, push a rook's pawn," applies here as well.

One way to learn an opening is to study games by a role model. Here grandmasters David Garcia and Nikola Djukic are natural choices. The author gives many of their games and annotates them in detail so that you can follow them not only in the opening, but also in the other important phases, such as the transition from opening to middlegame and even in the typical Scandinavian endgames.

The line $3 \ldots$... $\begin{gathered}\text { ung } \\ d 8 \\ \text { has a bad reputation in chess theory and literature. The alterna- }\end{gathered}$ tives $3 \ldots$... ${ }_{y}^{\mid} \mathrm{a} 5$ and 3 ... 씁d6 are generally favored. Lowinger investigates the reasons for this and traces them back to a loss by Michael Adams against German grandmaster Christopher Lutz in a 1999 rapid game in Frankfurt (Game 52). He rightly concludes that this is not convincing, and that White's advantage is as small as in the other cases. 3... $\begin{gathered}\text { y } \\ \text { d } \\ d 8\end{gathered}$ is a bit more passive but also more solid; this might even be an advantage if White does not act very dynamically, as Black does not have to spend additional time moving the queen around, something that often happens in the other two lines.

The author, Dan Lowinger, has played the line himself many times with good results, and his enthusiasm shines through in his treatment. So I wish you fun and success when employing the $3 \ldots$... 씁d8 Scandinavian!

Grandmaster Dr. Karsten Müller
Hamburg, July 2013

Shaw is clearly rattled．It＇s hard to shift gears and think of counterattack，but 29．留e7＋！营f7 30．留d8，threatening mate，ties Black down and gives White the advantage．
 Migh 32．씁b2
 is stymied（33．．．气f4＋34．$\times$ ． $44+-$ ）．

 Mirg5＋37．ㅐ⽇ㅂh3 $1 / 2-1 / 2$
（63）Fressinet（2501）－Garcia（2501） Catalunya 2000

As I write，Laurent Fressinet is ranked 29th among active players in the world．
Here we have a worthy competitor fi－ nally playing the direct $12 . h 5$ ．So what was everyone else so afraid of anyway？


 10．f3 2 d5 11．$\times$ d5 $\times$ d5 $12 . \mathrm{h} 5$

Here we go，into the fire．

## 12．．．f6

Obviously，Black is not losing a piece．

## $13 . h \times g 6$ f $\times$ e $514 . d \times e 5$

$14 . \mathrm{g} \times \mathrm{h} 7$ is the only proper attempt at advantage according to Mr．Houdini， and is the subject of our next game．

It seems to be Black who is seizing the initiative！White＇s king is permanently exposed，after all．The analysis engines don＇t love it，though，as they attach tre－ mendous importance to White＇s h7－ pawn after $\mathrm{g} \times \mathrm{h} 7$ in these variations． Therefore，Houdini asserts 14．．．h6＝． Needless to say，if the materialistic ma－ chine thinks the position is equal when Black is down a full pawn，this is be－ cause the compensation is fierce indeed．

## 15．f4？

The machine insists on $15 . \mathrm{g} \times \mathrm{h} 7$ ．

## 15．．．쎵b6？！

Garcia builds his initiative in frighten－ ing fashion，but once again the heart－ less machine finds a clear advantage for Black after the forcing move $15 \ldots \mathrm{~d} 4$ ． Then 16．a3 a5 17．b4 d×c3 18．b×a5
 20． tion of the center，together with White＇s uncoordinated pieces，gives Black a clear edge．

16．a3 $\times \mathbf{c} 3+17 . b \times c 3 \quad 0-0-0$ $18 . g \times h 7 \mathrm{~d} 4$（D）


If you＇re not afraid for White here， you＇re not human ．．．literally！

The machine is perfectly happy taking White here，a position in which strong grandmaster Fressinet is blown to smithereens in under 10 moves．This reminds me of my GPS navigation de－ vice，which often leads me along the most desolate paths as it directs me to my destination．I frequently find my－ self shuddering in my car as I ponder what might happen if the thing were suddenly to stop working．

It goes without saying that White has to do an enormous amount of memori－ zation and preparation to enter this kind of position with any trace of confidence． Could you imagine finding your way here with White and suddenly forget－ ting your analysis？It＇s a terrifying thought！

White＇s king is permanently without shelter and his pieces lack coordination． His only serious trump is his h7－pawn． Black is castled，his king is safe，his rooks are connected，his queen and knight are involved，and he＇s crashing through the center．What more can we ask for？

## 19．씅e2

Well，that didn＇t take long．White is naturally afraid that Black might sacri－ fice his d－pawn and vacate the d4－ square for his knight，but the computer says White must allow it and play 20．c4． Of course Black is not then obliged to proceed with 20．．．d3 right away，or even at all．Perhaps White can satisfactorily meet that threat（ $20 \ldots \mathrm{~d} 3$ ？21．c×d3 0 d 4 22．씁f2！$\pm$ ）．The point is，it＇s all these perceived threats，some deadly，some
not，that prove overwhelming to a hu－ man．

## 20．．． $2 \times 5$ ！$\mp$

This one，on the other hand，is deadly．

##  

Just like that，it＇s all over．

## 留d6 0－1

（64）Prokopchuk（2520）－Lopez （2468）
Moscow 2005

It is five years later．The game follows our previous one until move 14 ，when Prokopchuk plays the computer＇s top recommendation，securing that much machine－valued h7－pawn．

 $7.0 \mathrm{e} 5 \mathrm{e} 68 . \mathrm{g} 4 \mathrm{~g} 9 . \mathrm{h} 4$ 是b4 $10 . f 3$ 亿d5 11．$\times$ d $5 \mathrm{c} \times \mathrm{d} 512 . \mathrm{h} 5 \mathrm{f} 6$ $13 . h \times g 6$ f $\times$ e $514 . g \times h 7$

This is the computer－approved path，as noted．

## 14．．．씅e7


 acteristic play，was agreed a short draw in Dominguez－Garcia 2001．Lopez＇s move aims to lop off that pesky h7－ pawn pronto．



Honestly，who wants to play this way with White！？

Personally，I could not imagine play－ ing White in such a position．I would simply feel mortified！Even after hours of analyzing these games with engines， I would never play this way if I faced the $3 \ldots$ ．．．${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{d} 8$ Scandinavian with White． I am a $1 . e 4$ player，so I invite my read－ ers to test my veracity！

## 16．．．0－0－0 17．乌e2 管df8 18．hatg2䐴f7 19．f4 $\mathbf{g} 5$ ！

Of course，the above sequence is not forced．Even with the help of comput－ ers，there simply is not enough data to have confident theory in such untested positions．And as I＇ve said，my purpose is not to transcribe reams of computer analysis．In this position，though，the move 19．．．今xe5 seems a natural alter－ native worth mentioning，exploiting the same fact as Lopez＇s choice：that White cannot open the f－file and allow Black＇s queen to penetrate．Lopez＇s choice is more ambitious，though，foregoing any recouping of material and potentially opening the g －file as well．

## 20.9 d 4

This is played with the position after White＇s 23 rd move in mind．White has
barely completed the opening，but he is already tired of this game and just wants to escape without a loss．So he trades off pieces and plays his queen to parry the Black queen＇s decisive entrance．His bishop and rook never have a chance to show their stuff．

## 20．．．登 $\times$ h $721.0 \times c 6$ b $\times$ c6 22． 

White has abandoned illusions of win－ ning；his whole concept is merely to avoid losing．

 쎵f7 29．쌍e2

To close this section，I＇d like to address the direct 10．h5．My engines tend to go back and forth between this and 10．f3， which has been far more popular in tournament praxis．Ironically，this di－ rect approach is a far more positional one，and White＇s king will not face the same level of scrutiny that it did in the lines we just looked at．Although nine games with $10 . \mathrm{h} 5$ have found their way to the database，I＇d like to present one of my own，since according to the en－ gines，my opponent played（slightly） more precisely than the games in the database．Also，I think my errors in the opening phase demonstrate clearly what White is striving for and what to be on guard against．
（65）Pressman（2350）－Lowinger
Connecticut 2012


 $10 . \mathrm{h} 5$

